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Below the abstract provide and identify as such, key words characteristic for the original document which adequately identify key ideas of the original document (5). The number of key words is not strictly defined, but they should represent the content of paper in the best possible way (at least one, five to ten on average). It is favorable for authors to assign key words themselves. Assigning descriptors may be done from the title, from the abstract or from the whole document. "Artificial languages" have been created for indexing. They consist of standardized key words that clearly identify certain items of certain scientific fields. These standardized key words are called descriptors (5). They have two roles. Firstly, they assist indexers in cross-indexing scientific articles, and secondly for searching corresponding databases.

The most important thesaurus in the field of biomedicine is the Thesaurus of the American National Library of Medicine: Medical Subject Headings (MeSH) (6) used for indexing articles published in most eminent world biomedical journals. According to Vancouver Requirements it is necessary to use these descriptors as key words in biomedical articles. This thesaurus also has a printed version - Index Medicus, on CD-ROM of Medline base or on the Internet. It accurately defines and identifies every item, as well as certain rules how to write these words, their order and punctuation marks. These descriptors are important for many reasons, such as: 1. They are the world standard for biomedicine; 2. They are important for indexing and processing publications in databases; 3. For authors and librarians searching databases in literature about certain topics; 4. The article can be identified all over the world in the same way, 5. All descriptors are in English and thus uniform, 6. They are important for journals because they are used for creation of Key Word Index; 7. For various scientometric researches; 8. For scientometric analyses. This standard must be recognized and applied by authors, editorial boards, reviewers, indexers and all researchers. Below the abstract in Serbian language authors should provide descriptors in Serbian language. A Serbian thesaurus of key words does not exist, so they should be identified as in MeSH, but in Serbian language.

REFERENCES